

What is the two-drachma tax?

- Drachma = A Greek silver coin equal that represented the average pay for a 12 hour work day
- Two Drachma Tax = the amount a Jewish adult male would pay each year for the upkeep of the temple
- Exodus 30:11-16, NLT = Given to the Lord as a sacrifice; ransom; earned standing before God
- At the time of Jesus, the religious authorities required every Jewish male over the age of twenty to pay
 the tax annually
 - o For upkeep of the temple; but had that deeper meaning of earned standing before God

So, it was expected that Jesus (not yet fully acknowledged as the Messiah) would be obligated to pay it

- The tax collector approaches Peter about it (when they arrived at Capernaum)
- The question is expecting a positive affirmation (which Peter gives)

Then Jesus takes control of the situation

- He speaks to Peter as soon as he enters the house
- It is obvious that Jesus is using the situation to teach Peter (and us) about something much bigger than the Temple Tax... Jesus uses the instance to teach about the Kingdom of God
- "What do you think Simon? From whom do the kings of the earth take toll or tax? From their sons or from others?" (verse 25)

Recall that, the first public words we have Jesus saying in Matthew's Gospel are: "Repent, for the **Kingdom of heaven** is at hand." (4:17)

- Then we are told that Jesus went around "proclaiming the gospel (good news) of the kingdom" (4:23)
- So, with Jesus, the kingdom of heaven (God) had come near, and there was something about it that would be good news for everyone! (and the coming near was itself also good news)
- There was a change that was happening
 - o The way that people had related to God in the OT (represented by the Temple) was changing
 - Sacrifice give to God/obedience to the Law
 - There would be continuity (not entirely disconnected) (Jesus

 come to abolish the law—fulfill)
 - But a new dynamic that was good news (gospel)
 - Jesus spent much of His time explaining this (Cf. "The kingdom of heaven is like...")
 - The picture of <u>something of value that is **hidden**</u> often surfaces in His explanations
 - Matthew 13:44-46, NASB
 - In each of these the subject finds something of surprising and surpassing worth
 - Jesus is saying "The Kingdom is like" that—something of new exceeding value discovered (the hidden treasure, the pearl of great price are pictures of Jesus)
 - That picture, newly discovered, exceeding value (of Jesus) is the good news of the kingdom
 - That is why at the Mount of Transfiguration...
 - o "This is My beloved Son... Listen to Him"
 - o Over and against Moses and Elijah (the Law and the Prophets)
 - o That is why the Angel said at Christ's birth: Luke 2:10-11, NASB
 - The good news of the Kingdom is that the old way of relating to God has blossomed into the new way through Jesus (The Savior) (works/grace; earned/received)

Jesus invites us to think (by presenting us with this picture/kingdom parable—The fish and the coin)

- He is comparing what the Temple represents (life with God), to a common point of reference (kings, their kingdoms, and their kids)
- Think about: The way taxes work in kingdoms (this is obvious)
 - No king taxes his children
 - o They have a <u>different standing</u> before the king—<u>because he is their father</u>
 - o "Then the sons are free!" (verse 26)



The Good News of the Kingdom is that we have a Savior who has made us sons (made us free)

Galatians 4:4-7, NLT

The OLD WAY is represented by the temple tax and the NEW WAY is represented by the coin in the fish

- Hebrews 10:1-22, NLT
 - Here is the thing about the coin in the fish:
 - It was unexpected, surprising and of value (THAT ONLY GOD COULD DO—FOR US!)
 - It paid Peter's way
 - It was provided—not earned (New way versus the old way)
 - Philippians 3:2-9, ESV

Here is a further development (of the picture of kings, their kingdoms and their kids)

- Look what happens immediately following...
- We do not see Peter go catch the fish and the whole thing play out (though that happened at some point we assume)
- The miracle is not what Matthew is wanting to keep our attention on—rather, he wants us to catch it's meaning
- So, he follows Jesus' directions to Peter with **18:1** (remember: there were no chapter or verse breaks in the original) (This happened right then (Cf. "At that time...")
- The disciple's question hints at the fact, again, that this miracle directive to Peter, was in some way tied to the Kingdom and the new way
- "Who, then, is the greatest in the kingdom of heaven?" (18:1)
 - According to the old way, we would have assumed it was the person who was the best at keeping the rules (paying temple taxes) and the like
 - But, you are saying that under the True King, the children are free (exempt)...
 - ... so, if we are not measured by our keeping of the obligations in the Law... how do we know we are doing well? (Cf. Luke 18:12)
 - I.e. What is this good news of the Kingdom, this treasure, and how do we live in consonance with it's way?
 - The way to God is provided not earned
 - o See 18:2-4
 - Child = dependent on another (Father)
 - o That is what Paul (in Philippians 2) said he did (Philippians 2:9, ESV)
 - The **invitation** Jesus issues in the miraculous fish coin and here with a child...
 - o ... is that we are meant to be Kids of the King
 - Free from the tax (obligation to the law) by way of this new, special relationship
 - o Do not have to measure...
 - Our standing before God is as children by grace
 - o Romans 8:15-16, NASB

So, we are called to live out of that identity (as beloved sons and daughters of God) (1 John 3:1, NLT)

- To enjoy that status (live out of a place of being loved—obedience from the heart)
- To draw near to the Father (Hebrews 10:19-22, NLT)
- To live in a way that is consonant with our Father (Ephesians 4:1-3, NLT)

That is the other lesson that emerges in the text (about how the Kings kids ought to live in their freedom)

- See 17:27a (However, not to give offense to them...)
- Jesus, as The Son, shows us how to use our freedom as sons and daughters
 - Not as an entitlement that serves self, but as an opportunity to serve God and others
 - o 1 Peter 2:16 and Galatians 5:13, NIV
 - The sons and daughters of the King, though free from the obligations of the Law, use their freedom in a certain way
 - We live in consonance with the qualities of the King and His Kingdom

Prayers: Living in dissonance with who you really are? Feeling far form the Father's love? Condemnation? ©2017 Britt Merrick | May 28, 2017 | Reality Carpinteria